

MARIN COUNTY HAZARDOUS & SOLID WASTE
MANAGEMENT JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

AB 939 LOCAL TASK FORCE

Wednesday, July 6, 2011
Northgate Mall Community Room
5800 Northgate Drive, Ste 200
San Rafael, CA

8:30 -9:30 AM

AGENDA

Call to Order.

- 1) Open Time for Public Comment (5 Minutes)
- 2) Approval of the June 1, 2011 JPA Local Task Force Minutes (Action – 5 Minutes)
- 3) Local Task Force Position Appointments (Information – 5 Minutes)
- 4) New Program Manager Introduction – Verbal Report (Information – 10 Minutes)
- 5) Board Meeting Update (Information - 10 Minutes)
- 6) Legislation Tracking – (Information – 15 Minutes)
- 7) Conflict of Interest – Form 700 Reminder (Information – 5 Minutes)
- 8) Open Time for Member Comment (5 Minutes)
- 9) Adjourn.

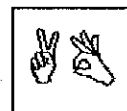
Next scheduled LTF Meeting is August 3 at 8:30 AM.

Next scheduled Executive Committee Meeting time and date is Wednesday July 20, 2011.

Next JPA Board Meeting time and date is TBD.

The full agenda including staff reports can be viewed at
www.marinrecycles.org/mins_agendas.cfm

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Contact the County's Waste Management Division, at 499-6647 for more information

Draft

MARIN COUNTY HAZARDOUS & SOLID WASTE
MANAGEMENT JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

AB 939 Local Task Force Meeting
Wednesday, June 1, 2011
Northgate Mall Community Room
5800 Northgate Drive, Ste 200
San Rafael, Calif.

MINUTES

MEMBERS PRESENT

Patty Garbarino, Marin Sanitary
Jon Elam, Tamalpais CSD
Loretta Figueroa, Almonte Sanitary District
Steve McCaffrey, Redwood Empire Disposal
Renee Goddard, Ross Valley Cities
Tania Levy, Unincorporated Area
Elissa Giambastiani, San Rafael
Joan Irwin, Southern Marin Cities
Jennie Pardi, Conservation Corps
Delyn Kies, Sustainable Novato

MEMBERS ABSENT

Ramin Khany, Redwood Landfill
Greg Christie, Bay Cities
Judy Schriebman, LGVSD
David Haskell, Sustainable Marin
Matt McCarron, Novato

STAFF PRESENT

Alex Soulard, JPA Staff
Kiel Gillis, JPA Staff

Call to Order. The Local Task Force (LTF) meeting came to order at 8:38 AM.

1. Open Time for Public Comment

Jon Elam provided members with an informal presentation regarding various U.N. and non-U.N. related global waste programs.

2. Approval of the May 4, 2011 JPA Local Task Force Minutes

M/s Figueroa, Garbarino to approve the minutes from the May 4, 2011 LTF meeting. Motion passed unanimously.

3. Executive Committee Meeting Update

Staff provided a review of the agenda items from the May 26, 2011 JPA Executive Committee meeting. Members expressed interest in having Staff provide information at a later time on the history and use of the HHW Facility in San Rafael.

4. Zero Waste Grant Program Applications

Staff provided an update on the progress made regarding the Zero Waste Grant Applications. Members expressed interest on the likelihood of another grant term. Staff identified a second round of funding will likely take place once the FY 10-11 Grants have concluded.

5. Program Manager Recruitment Update

Staff reported briefly that Steve Devine from the City of Berkley has been selected to fill the Program Manager position. Staff identified Members will be able to meet Mr. Devine at a future LTF meeting.

6. Open Time for Member Comment

Task Force Members requested that the JPA draft a letter of thanks to Joan Irwin in recognition of her many accomplishments made before she steps down as Chair-Person of the Marin Food Scrap Recycling Task Force.

7. Adjourn.

**MARIN COUNTY HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE
MANAGEMENT JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**

Belvedere:
George Rodericks

Date: July 6, 2011

Corte Madera:
David Bracken

To: Local Task Force Members

County of Marin:
Matthew Hymel

From: Steve Devine 

Re: Appointments to the Local Task Force

Fairfax:
Michael Rock

At their June 23, 2011 meeting the JPA Board of Directors approved appointments to two vacant seats and one alternate seat on the Local Task Force.

Larkspur:
Dan Schwarz

Mill Valley:
Jim McCann

Russ Greenfield was appointed to one of the special district seats (formerly held by Judy Schriebman). Mr. Greenfield is a Board Member of the Las Gallinas Valley Sanitary District. Ms. Schriebman's appointment has changed to a special district alternate seat.

Novato:
Michael Frank

Ross:
Gary Broad

Jennie Pardi was appointed to one of the environmental seats (formerly held by Tamara Hull). Ms. Pardi is the Community Recycling Program Coordinator for the Conservation Corps North Bay and previously, held a LTF alternate position.

San Anselmo:
Debbie Stutsman

San Rafael:
Nancy Mackle

Sausalito:
Adam Politzer

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Tiburon:
Margaret Curran

**MARIN COUNTY HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE
MANAGEMENT JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**

Belvedere:
George Rodericks

Date: July 6, 2011

Corte Madera:
David Bracken

To: Local Task Force Members

County of Marin:
Matthew Hymel

From: Steve Devine *SD*

Re: Legislation Tracking

Fairfax:
Michael Rock

At their June 24, 2010 meeting, the JPA Board of Directors accepted the Legislative Platform that the Local Task Force drafted and recommended.

Larkspur:
Dan Schwarz

Mill Valley:
Jim McCann

A copy of the Legislative Platform is attached for reference. Also attached is a matrix of solid waste related state Bills with a notation of the endorsement status from several solid waste interest groups.

Novato:
Michael Frank

To check the current status of bills go to <http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/bilinfo.html> which will take you to the State's 'Bill Information Page'. To review either assembly or senate bills, click on the 'Assembly' or 'Senate' button. At this point, you will click the Bill Number, Status or History to go to the area in which you want to review. Then scroll down to the bill you wish to review.

Ross:
Gary Broad

San Anselmo:
Debbie Stutsman

San Rafael:
Nancy Mackle

Staff would appreciate any input from the LTF prior to drafting support or opposition letters to the proposed legislation that is consistent with the JPA Board's Legislative Platform.

Sausalito:
Adam Politzer

Tiburon:
Margaret Curran

Attachments

**Marin County Hazardous and Solid Waste Management
Joint Powers Authority
STATE LEGISLATIVE PLAN**

APPROVED JUNE 24, 2010

In accordance with the mission of Marin County Hazardous and Solid Waste Management Joint Powers Authority this Legislative Plan is intended to serve as a guide to the JPA's policy positions on legislative issues that impact the JPA, the community and the environment. This Legislative Platform of the JPA is intended to allow staff to respond to legislative proposals expeditiously in accordance with the following general and specific policy guidelines. It shall be the general position of the JPA to support state and federal legislation that furthers the policy goals and program objectives of the Countywide Plan, the California Integrated Waste Management Act (AB939), the JPA's Extended Producer Responsibility Resolution, and the adopted program objectives of the JPA's Zero Waste Feasibility Study, or meets the specific legislative criteria described in this document.

Staff, with the support of the Local Task Force, will track legislation and changes to proposed bills. Staff will support or rescind support for bills on behalf of the JPA. Changes, updates, or new drafts of this legislative plan will be submitted to the JPA Executive Committee for approval at one of their regularly scheduled meetings.

The JPA would support legislation that:

1) ZERO WASTE

- a) Sets higher landfill diversion goals for local or state agencies, improves measurement and reporting system, or puts more responsibility on producers.
- b) Mandates strong waste prevention or recovery goals for products (such as supermarket bags and water bottles) through such mechanisms as consumer fees or deposits including support for a national bottle bill.
- c) Bans polystyrene foam or single use PVC items and requires disposable items (such as foodware or packaging) to be compostable or recyclable.
- d) Requires products to be made more recyclable (such as container lids) or compostable, or with more recycled content.

- e) Improves labeling of products that are compostable, recyclable or neither, and provides for State enforcement.
- f) Creates a strong producer responsibility framework or product category specific requirements for manufacturers to reformulate their products to make them less toxic and easier to reuse, repair, recycle or compost, as well as take actual or financial responsibility for handling disposal of their products.
- g) Expands the California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act to further encourage redemption, include items such as wine and liquor bottles, milk jugs, or other plastic containers and promote reuse.
- h) Strengthens adequate and convenient space requirements for recycling and composting or restricts trash chutes that work against landfill diversion.
- i) Encourages deconstruction, and use of recycled materials in new construction.
- j) Mandates recycling and composting for businesses, multi-family residences, schools and institutions.
- k) Disallows materials such as yard trimmings or cardboard in landfills. Reduces or eliminates diversion credit for using materials as alternative daily cover that have higher and better uses, such as yard trimmings.
- l) Encourages siting of composting and anaerobic digestion facilities, especially those that are permitted to accept food scraps.
- m) Helps give proper greenhouse gas emissions reduction credit to waste prevention, recycling and composting, including creating a better system to allocate greenhouse gas.
- n) Encourages, provides instruction, and incentives for farmers to use compost, to replenish soils, reduce emissions and conserve water and resources.
- o) Increases payments to Cities and Counties or establishes fees at landfills to fund waste reduction activities.
- p) Supports domestic recycling facilities, such as paper mills, plastic manufacturing, to use and produce products from recycled materials.

- q) Provides financial incentives to businesses and manufacturers to produce less toxic products and to produce products that are easier to reuse, repair and recycle.

2) TOXICS

- a) Requires manufacturers and distributors to develop and fund convenient systems for collecting and recycling/properly disposing of certain products (Universal Waste, Household Hazardous Wastes, or Medical Waste) at the end of their useful life.
- b) Strengthens California's regulation of chemicals in consumer products.
- c) Expands the number of chemicals tracked in the State's Bio-monitoring program (authorized in SB 1379).
- d) Supports the Department of Toxic Substances Control's (DTSC) Green Chemistry Initiative.
- e) Strengthens chemical labeling requirements on consumer products.
- f) Empowers the Department of Toxic Substance Control to require manufacturers to submit health and environmental data on the chemicals they sell in California
- g) Mandates that recycled content be used in motor oil sold in California.
- h) Opposes or limits spraying of pesticides in urban areas, pending a rigorous alternatives assessment.
- i) Mandates proper disposal and reduced use of endocrine disruptors.

The JPA would oppose legislation that:

1) ZERO WASTE

- a) Allow the use of funds from the California Beverage Container Recycling Fund for any uses other than redemption, grant funding, program administration or waste reduction programs.
- b) Provide incentives to build high temperature "waste to energy" facilities that use materials that could be reduced, reused, composted or recycled, or includes such facilities as "renewable energy" (Does not include dedicated boilers using wood chips and construction waste.)

2011 California Solid Waste Legislative Bills

Bill	Sponsor	Summary – Provided by CEAC	CEAC	CAW	CPSC	NCRA	Stopwaste
AB 255	Wieckowski (D)	Would allow a permanent household hazardous waste collection facility that is authorized to accept hazardous waste from a CESQG to accept recyclable latex paint from any generator, notwithstanding specified provisions and regulations, if the permanent household hazardous waste collection facility complies with certain requirements. Because a violation of these requirements would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	P	-	-	-	S
AB 298	Brownley (D)	Would prohibit a manufacturer from selling or distributing a reusable bag, as defined, in this state if the bag is designed or intended to be sold or distributed to a store's customers, unless the guidelines for the cleaning and disinfection of the bag are printed on the bag or on a tag attached to the bag.	P	S	-	S	S
AB 341	Chesbro (D)	Would require the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, on January 1, 2020, and annually thereafter, to ensure that 75% of all solid waste generated is source reduced, recycled, or composted. <u>This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.</u>	OUA	S	-	S	-
AB 508	Swanson (D)	Would add employees of solid waste handling and recycling contractors and subcontractors to those provisions. By requiring local agencies to give a bidding preference to such contractors and subcontractors, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	P	-	-	-	-
AB 525	Gordon (D)	Would require the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to provide outreach to local agencies regarding a program it may establish under current law to award grants to cities, counties, and other local government agencies for the funding of public works projects that use waste tires. The bill would require the amount appropriated for this purpose from the fund to not be less than 16% of the amount of the funds appropriated for market development and new technology activities for used tires and waste tires. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	S	S	-	S	-
AB 549	Carter (D)	Current law, requires a retailer selling a covered electronic device in this state to collect a covered electronic waste recycling fee from the consumer, as specified. These fees are deposited in the Electronic Waste Recovery and Recycling Account, and CalRecycle is continuously appropriated the money in the account to, among other things, make electronic waste recovery payments and recycling payments. CalRecycle is authorized to make these payments only if certain conditions are met. CalRecycle is required to make these payments to an authorized collector or covered electronic waste recycler upon receipt of a completed and verified invoice submitted to CalRecycle in the form and manner determined by CalRecycle. This bill would additionally require, as a condition of making these payments, that the covered electronic device for which the payment is claimed was used in this state. The bill would authorize CalRecycle to review any documentation required to be submitted by an authorized collector or covered electronic waste recycler before making these payments, and to refuse to make these payments, if CalRecycle determines that the documentation is incomplete.	W	-	-	-	-
AB 570	Smyth (R)	The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 establishes the State Air Resources Board as the state agency responsible for monitoring and regulating sources emitting greenhouse gases. The act requires the state board to adopt a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit to be achieved by 2020, equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions levels in 1990. The act requires the state board, on or before January 1, 2011, to adopt greenhouse gas emission limits and emission reduction measures by regulation to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost effective reductions in emissions of greenhouse gases, in furtherance of achieving the statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit, with the regulations to become operative beginning January 1, 2012. This bill would make technical and non-substantive changes to the above requirements.	W	-	-	-	-
AB 583	Knight (R)	Would transfer the duties, powers, and authority of the DTSC under the act to CalRecycle and would require the employees of the DTSC who are serving in the state civil service for purposes of carrying out the duties, powers, purposes, and responsibilities of the DTSC under the act to be transferred to CalRecycle, except with regard to the identification of those devices that are hazardous waste. The bill would delete the provision authorizing the enforcement of the act under the hazardous waste control laws and would make conforming changes with regard to the transfer of this authority. This bill contains other current laws.	W	-	-	-	-

F = Following, O= Oppose, OUA = Oppose Unless Amended, P = Pending, S = Support, ST = Study, W = Watch

2011 California Solid Waste Legislative Bills

Bill	Sponsor	Summary – Provided by CEAC	CEAC	CAW	CPSC	NGRA	Stopwaste
AB 681	Wieckowski (D)	Current law provides that the expense of a public agency's emergency response to the release, escape, or burning of hazardous substances is a charge against the person whose negligence caused the incident, if the incident necessitated an evacuation beyond the property of origin or results in the spread of hazardous substances or fire beyond the property of origin. Current law defines "hazardous substance" for purposes of these provisions. This bill would instead provide that these expenses are a charge against the person whose negligence caused the incident if the incident necessitated an evacuation from the building, structure, property, or public right-of-way where the incident originates, or the incident results in the spread of hazardous substances or fire beyond the building, structure, property, or public right-of-way where the incident originates. The bill would also revise the definition of "hazardous substance" for purposes of these provisions.	W	-	-	-	-
AB 712	Williams (D)	The California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act requires a distributor to pay a redemption payment for each beverage container sold or offered for sale to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery. The act requires the Division of Recycling in the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, subject to the availability of funds, to expend specified moneys set aside in the California Beverage Container Recycling Fund, for specified purposes relating to the recycling of beverage containers. This bill would, notwithstanding the above expenditure requirement, prohibit the department from making any payments, grants, or loans, as provided, to a city, county, or city and county, if the city, county, or city and county has adopted or is enforcing a land-use restriction that prevents the siting or operation of a certified recycling center at a supermarket site, as defined, as may be required pursuant to a specified law.	W	-	-	S	-
AB 762	Smyth (R)	Current law establishes various programs for the prevention of disease and the promotion of health to be administered by the State Department of Public Health, including, but not limited to, administration of the Medical Waste Management Act relating to the regulation of medical waste, including, but not limited to, provisions related to the treatment, containment, and storage of medical waste. This bill would authorize the reuse of a common container and require the consolidated waste to be treated by either incineration at a permitted medical waste treatment facility or with an alternative technology, as specified. This bill would, in relation to the label requirement, authorize the use of the word "INCINERATION" in addition to the words "HIGH HEAT ONLY" or other label approved by the department. This bill contains other current laws.	W	-	-	-	-
AB 789	Chesbro (D)	Would require the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to provide outreach to local agencies regarding a program it may establish under current law to award grants to cities, counties, and other local government agencies for the funding of public works projects that use waste tires in public works projects, as provided. The bill would prohibit the amount appropriated from the fund for this purpose from being less than 16% of the amount of the funds appropriated for market development and new technology activities for used tires and waste tires. This bill contains other related provisions.	P	-	-	-	-
AB 794	Wieckowski (D)	Would revise those findings and declarations to declare that one of the purposes of the act is to provide sufficient funding for the safe, cost-free, and convenient collection and recycling of 100% of the covered electronic waste initially discarded in the state, to, among other things, eliminate electronic waste stockpiles and legacy devices by December 31, 2007. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	P	S	-	-	-
AB 812	Ma (D)	Under current law, it is the policy of the state to conserve and protect resources by encouraging the recycling of solid waste and the purchase of those recycled materials, including recycled concrete and rubberized asphalt concrete. This bill would delete the requirement that the Department of Transportation or the Department of General Services have specifically requested recycled concrete. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	P	-	-	ST	-
AB 818	Blumenfeld (D)	Would enact the Renters' Right to Recycle Act, to require an owner of a multifamily dwelling, defined as a residential facility that consists of 5 or more living units, to arrange for recycling services that are appropriate and available for the multifamily dwelling, consistent with state or local laws or requirements applicable to the collection, handling, or recycling of solid waste, except as provided.	S	-	S	S	S

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2011 California Solid Waste Legislative Bills

Bill	Sponsor	Summary – Provided by CEAC	CEAC	CAW	CPSC	NCRA	Stopwaste
AB 837	Nestande (R)	Current law requires rigid plastic packaging containers sold or offered for sale in this state to meet specified criteria, including, but not limited to, that the container be made from 25% postconsumer material. Current law prohibits a person from selling a plastic food or beverage container that is labeled as "biodegradable," "compostable," "degradable," or as otherwise specified, unless, at the time of the sale, the container meets the ASTM standard specification for compostable plastics, as specified, for the term used on the label. This bill would define terms and would prohibit a manufacturer or supplier from selling a plastic food container in this state that is advertised with a specific recycled content amount unless the manufacturer or supplier is able to provide certification of the stated recycled content in a format that is easy to understand and accurate. A manufacturer or supplier would be required to provide this information within 90 days from the date of a request by a member of the public or state agency or to post a link to a document on its Internet Web site containing this information.	P	S	-	-	-
AB 900	Swanson (D)	Would allow a school district to provide recycling and composting bins on the campus of each public elementary and secondary school. The bill would allow a school district to determine the number of bins to be located on a campus on the basis of the size of both the pupil population and the surface area of that campus. This bill contains other current laws.	W	-	-	S	S
AB 913	Feuer (D)	Would require the Department of Toxic Substances Control, as part of implementing this program, to develop a California Green Business Program that provides support and assistance to local government programs that provide for the voluntary certification of small businesses that adopt environmentally preferable business practices, including, but not limited to, increased energy efficiency, reduced greenhouse gas emissions, promotion of water conservation, and reduced waste generation. The department would be required to take specified actions with regard to implementing the California Green Business Program and would be authorized to provide support and assistance to a local government program to enable the program to meet certain requirements.	W	-	-	-	-
AB 960	Lowenthal, Bonnie (D)	Would define the terms "electronic waste" and "electronic device" and would additionally require, as a condition of CalRecycle making those payments, that CalRecycle determine that the recycler has demonstrated to the Department of Toxic Substances Control that all electronic waste handled by the recycler making the claim has been managed in a specified manner, among other things. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	W	S	-	S	-
AB 1019	John A. Perez (D)	Current law requires the Department of General Services, to the extent feasible and within current resources, to take appropriate steps to ensure that postconsumer carpet removed from state buildings is managed in a manner that diverts the carpet from landfills and recycles it into secondary products or manages it in a manner consistent with the state's hierarchy for waste management practices. This bill would require the department to take those steps by January 1, 2014. The bill would define "state buildings" to include buildings owned or leased by the state.	P	-	-	-	-
AB 1149	Gordon (D)	Would require the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, in setting the amount of the market development payments for both certified entities and product manufacturers, to consider certain factors and would extend the authorization to make these payments until January 1, 2017,	S	S	-	S	S
AB 1178	Ma (D)	Current law authorizes a city or county to assess special fees of a reasonable amount on the importation of waste from outside of the county to publicly owned or privately owned facilities. This bill would prohibit a city or county, from otherwise restricting or limiting in any way the importation of solid waste into that city or county based on place of origin, except as specified with regard to solid waste facilities or the local land use authority.	-	-	-	O	-
AB 1189	Miller (R)	Would require a producer of household batteries or consumer products incorporating a household battery, acting individually or through a household battery stewardship organization, to submit a plan to the department on January 1, 2012, for a used household battery stewardship transition project, containing specified elements, and to implement the plan by April 1, 2012, for an operation of not less than 12 months. A producer or battery stewardship organization would be required to submit a report to the department regarding the final results of the project by May 1, 2013. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	P	-	-	-	-
AB 1227	Huber (D)	The California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act requires every beverage container sold or offered for sale in this state to have a minimum refund value. The act also makes various findings and declarations regarding beverage container recycling. This bill would make technical, non-substantive changes to those findings and declarations.	W	-	-	-	-

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2011 California Solid Waste Legislative Bills

Bill	Sponsor	Summary – Provided by CEAC	CEAC	CAW	CPSC	NCRA	Stopwaste
AB 1258	Knight (R)	Current law, the California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act, requires a distributor to pay a redemption payment of \$0.04 for every beverage container sold or offered for sale in the state to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery for deposit in the California Beverage Container Recycling Fund. After setting aside funds for the payment of refund values and administrative fees, and for a reserve for contingencies, the remaining moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the division for expenditure for designated programs, grants, and fee payments. This bill would make technical, non-substantive changes to that provision of the act.	W	-	-	-	-
AB 1359	Skinner (D)	The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 requires a person owning or operating a solid waste landfill, as defined, to submit to the board, with the closure plan and postclosure maintenance plan, evidence of financial ability to provide for the cost of closure and postclosure maintenance, in an amount that is equal to the estimated cost of closure and 15 years of postclosure maintenance, contained in the closure plan and the postclosure maintenance plan submitted. This bill would specify that the evidence of financial ability to provide for the cost of the closure and postclosure maintenance shall be in an amount that is equal to the estimated cost of closure and not less than 15 years of postclosure maintenance.	W	-	-	-	-
SB 324	Cannella (R)	Under current law, the Division of Recycling within the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery administers the California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act. This bill would make a conforming change to the act's statement of legislative intent with regard to that authority.	P	-	-	-	-
SB 419	Simitian (D)	Current law requires a pharmaceutical manufacturer selling or distributing medication that is intended to be self-injected at home to submit, on an annual basis, to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery a plan supporting the safe collection and proper disposal of specified waste devices. The manufacturer is required to post and maintain a copy of the plan on its Internet Web site. This bill would require the above plan to be submitted in an electronic format as prescribed by the department. The bill would require the manufacturer to post and maintain a copy of the plan in a readily accessible location on its Internet Web site.	S	S	W	S	-
SB 456	Huff (R)	Would authorize a door-to-door household hazardous waste collection program to transport household hazardous waste to a hazardous waste facility, as defined. The bill would require the use of the consolidated manifesting procedure by a public agency or its contractor if it transports household hazardous waste to a hazardous waste facility, however, the bill would exclude a generator that is a household from the requirement of having an identification number. Since a violation of this requirement would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	W	-	-	-	S
SB 515	Corbett (D)	Would require, by April 1, 2013, a producer, or the household battery stewardship organization created by one or more producers, of a household battery to submit a household battery stewardship plan to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, which would be required to include specified elements. The bill would allow a registered hazardous waste transporter to elect to submit a household battery stewardship plan to the department on behalf of one or more producers and would require a hazardous waste transporter making that election to comply with the provisions of the bill applicable to a household battery stewardship organization. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	S	S	S	S	S
SB 518	Simitian (D)	Would delete the provisions that require the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to establish reporting periods for redemption rates and that require the department to determine redemption rates for specified types of beverage containers. The bill also would delete the definition of redemption rate and make other conforming changes.	P	-	-	S	-
SB 567	DeSaulnier (D)	Would prohibit the sale of a plastic product, as defined, labeled as "compostable" or "marine degradable" unless it meets those ASTM standard specifications or a standard adopted by the department, or unless the plastic product is labeled with a qualified claim for which the department has adopted an current standard, and the plastic product meets that standard. The bill would prohibit the sale of a plastic product that is labeled as "biodegradable," "degradable," "decomposable," or as otherwise specified. The bill would provide for the imposition of a civil penalty for a violation of those prohibitions. This bill contains other related provisions.	P	-	-	-	-
SB 568	Lowenthal (D)	Would prohibit a food vendor, on and after January 1, 2016, from dispensing prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container and would define related terms. The bill would provide that a food vendor that is a school district is not required to comply with the bill's requirements until July 1, 2017, and would allow a food vendor that is a school district to dispense prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container after that date if the governing board of the school district elects to adopt a policy to implement a verifiable recycling program for polystyrene foam food containers. The bill would also allow a food vendor to dispense prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container after January 1, 2016, in a city or county if the	W	-	-	-	-

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2011 California Solid Waste Legislative Bills

Bill	Sponsor	Summary – Provided by CEAC	CEAC	CAW	CPSC	NCRA	Stopwaste
SB 589	Lowenthal (D)	Would require a manufacturer of household mercury-containing lamps, on or before April 1, 2013, individually or through a stewardship organization, to prepare and submit to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery for approval a household mercury-containing lamp stewardship plan to establish a recovery program for the management of end-of-life household mercury-containing lamps. The bill would define terms, including defining the term stewardship fee as an amount added to the retail purchase price of a mercury-containing household lamp. The bill would require the plan to include the payment of a stewardship fee at the point of sale and would specify a procedure for the department's approval of the amount of the stewardship fee. This bill would constitute a change in state statute that would result in a taxpayer paying a higher tax within the meaning of Section 3 of Article XIII A of the California Constitution, and thus would require for passage the approval of 2/3 of the membership of each house of the Legislature. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	P	-	F	S	-
SB 833	Vargas (D)	The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 regulates the management of solid waste. The bill would make a declaration of legislative findings regarding why a general statute cannot be made applicable within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California Constitution. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.	O	-	-	S	-
SB 841	Wolk (D)	Would prohibit the enforcement of an indemnity obligation that requires a solid waste enterprise to defend and hold harmless the local agency in connection with the local agency's imposition of fees, charges, levies, exactions, or assessments that are found by final judgment of a court to have been imposed in violation of Article XIII C or Article XIII D of the California Constitution or that require a solid waste enterprise to refund certain fees that are found by such a final judgment to have been imposed in violation of those provisions. This bill contains other related provisions.	P	-	-	-	-
SB 904	Yee (D)	The California Environmental Protection Agency, created pursuant to the Governor's Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1991, consists of the State Air Resources Board, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, the State Water Resources Control Board, and each California regional water quality control board, and the following departments: Pesticide Regulation, Toxic Substances Control, and Resources Recycling and Recovery. This bill would make a statutory change consistent with the plan.	W	-	-	-	-
SB 909	La Malfa (R)	Current law requires, among other things, treated wood waste, as defined, to be disposed of in either a class I hazardous waste landfill, or in a composite-lined portion of a solid waste landfill unit that meets certain requirements. Current law requires each wholesaler and retailer of treated wood and treated wood-like products to conspicuously post information at specified locations. Current law requires that the posted message contain, among other things, sources for obtaining further information, such as an Internet Web site and a toll-free telephone number. Current law makes these, and other requirements, inoperative on June 1, 2012, and repeals them on January 1, 2013. A violation of the state's hazardous waste control laws is a crime. This bill would specify the Internet Web site and the telephone number that are to be included in the posted message. The bill would extend the June 1, 2012, inoperative date and the January 1, 2013, repeal date to June 1, 2017, and January 1, 2018, respectively. The bill would delete other obsolete language. By extending a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related	P	-	-	-	-
SB 915	Calderon (D)	Would require plastic bag use to be reduced by an unspecified percent by an unspecified year. The bill also would establish a mandatory level of recycled content in plastic bags according to a specified schedule. The bill would require the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to establish a working group of stakeholders to develop strategies for increasing the recycling of plastic bags and develop suggestions for funding increased consumer awareness.	P	-	-	O	O
Date							
6/22/2011	CEAC	County Engineers Association of California Solid Waste Policy Committee					
6/24/2011	CAW	Californian's Against Waste					
6/24/2011	CPSC	California Product Stewardship Council					
6/13/2011	NCRA	Northern California Recycling Association					
3/30/2011	Stopwaste	Alameda County Waste Management Authority Administration & Organization Committee					

F = Following, O = Oppose, OUA = Oppose Unless Amended, P = Pending, S = Support, ST = Study, W = Watch

